

a pair of planar panel members that are positioned parallel to one another and in a substantially vertical orientation, the panel members each having a cambered portion that promotes elastic deformation of the panel member along the cambered portion;

A1  
LCS-111) a plurality of diaphragms for securing the panel members to each other and to the basetrack, the diaphragms each comprising a pair of shoes for sliding engagement of the diaphragm to the basetrack rail members; and

a tension cable affixed to at least one diaphragm.

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**In the Specification:**

Please delete paragraph [0025] and replace it with the following:

A2  
-- [0025] The crushable cells include rectangular frames or diaphragms 40 that join the parallel panle rows 36, 38 together. In the drawings, individual diaphragms are designated consecutively from the upstream end of the cushion 10 as diaphragms 40a, 40b, 40c, etc. The diaphragms 40 are preferably formed of steel box beam members welded to one another. In a currently preferred construction, bolts or rivets 42 (visible in Figure 2) are used to affix the panel rows 36, 38 to the frames 40. Referring now to Figures 4-6, a single exemplary diaphragm, or frame, 40, is shown in greater detail. The diaphragm 40 includes a widened upper portion, generally shown at 50, and a narrower lower portion 52. The lower portion 52 includes a pair of generally vertically oriented support members 54 and a connecting cross-piece 56. U-shaped engagement shoes 58 are secured to one side of each of the support members 54 and slidably engage the rail members 28, 30. The upper portion 50 includes a pair of vertically disposed side members 59 with upper and lower cross-members 60, 62 that interconnect the side members 59 to form a rectangular frame. Additional vertical and horizontal cross-members 64, 66, respectively, are secured to one another within the